Canadian Infant Mortality.—Table 1, pp. 187-189, shows the striking improvement that has taken place in the rate of infant mortality during the past 25 years. Of the 1,155,000 children born in 1950-52, approximately 45,000 died and 62,000 lived to their first birthday who would have died at the rate prevailing in the period 1926-30.

As illustrated in Table 18, infant mortality of males is 25 to 30 p.c. higher than that of females for Canada as a whole, with wider variations for the individual provinces. As pointed out earlier, there were between 1,051 and 1,067 males born to every 1,000 females in the 1941-52 period. Because male infant mortality is higher, the excess of males is reduced drastically by the end of the first year. For example, in 1950-52, 593,810 male children were born compared with 559,889 female children, an excess of 33,921 or 6.6 p.c.; 25,882 male children died during their first year compared with 19,329 female children, that is, 6,553 more. The excess of males at one year of age was thus reduced to 27,368 or 5.6 p.c.

As indicated in Tables 1 and 18, infant mortality rates vary considerably from province to province. One of the principal causes of these variations appears to be the different proportions of births that take place in hospital or under proper medical care (see also p. 193). Along with increased hospitalization has come better and more widespread pre-natal and post-natal care. Other factors have also been important, particularly the supervision of water supplies, improved sanitation, the pasteurization of milk and the use of antibiotics.

18.—Distribution of Infant Deaths, by Sex and Province, 1921-52

Province and Year	Males	Fe- males	Rate per 1,000 Male Live Births	Rate per 1,000 Fe- male Live Births	Province and Year	Males	Fe- males	Rate per 1,000 Male Live Births	Rate per 1,000 Fe- male Live Births
	No.	No.		_		No.	No.		
Newfoundland1950 1951 1952		350 276 254	60 60 49	55 48 42	Manitoba1921 1931 1941	868 535 447	665 389 341	92 74 59	74 55 47
					1951	369	289	36	30
P. E. Island 1921 1931	95 78	85 50	89 78	78 57	1952	364	283	34	28
1941 1951 1952	102 60 48	61 30 35	95 44 34		Saskatchewan 1921 1931	1,048 851	766 612	90 78	70 59
			34	21	1941 1951	531 353	415 323	56 32	46 30
Nova Scotia1921 1931	738 510	573 404	110 86	91 71	1952	431	356	37	33
1941	545	363	77	53	Alberta1921	808	583	95	72
1951 1952	344 365	250 250	39 39	30 29	1931	675 506	522 373	76 57	63 44
					1941	531	358	39	27
New Brunswick 1921 1931	740 565	559 379	125 102	101 72	1952	515	364	34	26
1941	515	421	83	69	British Columbia1921	343	259	62	51
1951 1952	472 433	363 296	58 51	46 36	1931 1941	292 316	222 236	55 41	44 32
					1951	487	352	34	26
Quebec1931 1941	5,417 3,916	4,026 2,854	126 85	99 66		480	390	31	27
1951	3,335	2,486	54	42					
1952	3,664	2,668	56	44	Canada (exclusive 1921	8,558	6,335	98	77
Ontario1921	3,918	2,845	102	79	of the Territories) 1931	11,667	8,693	94	74
1931 1941	2,744 1,910	2,089 1,384	77 51	62 40	1951		6,448	67 43	52 34
1951	2,010	1,535	34	28 27	1952		6,516	42	33
1952	2,169	1,620	34	27					

¹ Excludes the Province of Quebec.